PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

505 VAN NESS AVENUE SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3298

May 1, 2018



TO PARTIES OF RECORD IN APPLICATION 15-07-019:

This is the proposed decision of Administrative Law Judge Gary Weatherford. Until and unless the Commission hears the item and votes to approve it, the proposed decision has no legal effect. This item may be heard, at the earliest, at the Commission's May 31, 2018 Business Meeting. To confirm when the item will be heard, please see the Business Meeting agenda, which is posted on the Commission's website 10 days before each Business Meeting.

Parties of record may file comments on the proposed decision as provided in Rule 14.3 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure.

The Commission may hold a Ratesetting Deliberative Meeting to consider this item in closed session in advance of the Business Meeting at which the item will be heard. In such event, notice of the Ratesetting Deliberative Meeting will appear in the Daily Calendar, which is posted on the Commission's website. If a Ratesetting Deliberative Meeting is scheduled, ex parte communications are prohibited pursuant to Rule 8.3(c)(4)(B).

/s/ ANNE E. SIMON

Anne E. Simon Chief Administrative Law Judge

AES:lil

Attachment

Agenda ID #16483 Ratesetting

Decision PROPOSED DECISION OF ALI WEATHERFORD (Mailed 5/1/2018)

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Application of California-American Water Company (U-210W) for Authorization to Modify Conservation and Rationing Rules, Rate Design, and Other Related Issues for the Monterey District.

Application 15-07-019

DECISION ADOPTING PHASE 3A SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

Summary

This decision grants the February 24, 2017 motion for adoption of a Settlement Agreement specifically with respect to the Phase 3A Settlement Agreement filed March 8, 2017. This resolves all Phase 3A issues. Phase 3A involves consideration of an annual consumption true-up pilot program. In particular, the program establishes a process for adjusting rates annually based on updated consumption and production data to (a) improve the likelihood of California-American Water Company collecting its authorized revenue requirement and (b) moderate balances in the Water Revenue Adjustment Mechanism and Modified Cost Balancing Account.

The proceeding is closed.

1. Background

California-American Water Company (Cal-Am or Applicant) faces particularly challenging water supply, cost, rate, rate design, and conservation issues in its Monterey District. It is necessary to first review these and related items in order to understand this decision and place it in context. In particular,

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this review includes supply constraints, the procedural history of this proceeding, evidence and findings in our December 2016 decision (Decision (D.) 16-12-003) relative to the true-up pilot program, and the scope of Phase 3A.

1.1. Supply Constraints and This Proceeding

Applicant has been, and is, subject to a series of orders from the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) to cease unlawful diversions from the Carmel River.¹ For example, in 1995 the SWRCB ordered Applicant to cease unlawful diversions or be subject to fines. In 2009 the SWRCB issued a cease and desist order (CDO) that compelled Applicant to reduce its draws from the Carmel River by about 66% no later than December 31, 2016, or be subject to sanctions and penalties. In 2016 the SWRCB amended the CDO, deferring full compliance to December 31, 2021 and including specific milestone requirements each year beginning in 2016 with severe sanctions and penalties for noncompliance.

Cal-Am is also under a Monterey County Superior Court order to ramp-down its draws from the Seaside Groundwater Basin. That order requires a reduction by about 63% no later than December 31, 2021.²

Cal-Am seeks authorization in another proceeding before this Commission to provide the necessary replacement water. (See Application (A.) 12-04-019.) In this application, Cal-Am seeks authorization to modify its conservation and

¹ See SWRCB Orders WR 95-10 (July 6, 1995), WR 2009-0060 (October 20, 2009), and WR 2016-0016 (July 19, 2016).

² Applicant Opening Brief at 8, citing *California American Water Company v. City of Seaside*, Case No. M66343, Decision (Monterey Cnty. Sup. Ct. March 27, 2006). Applicant must reduce its takes by about 2,528 acre-feet per year (AFY), from 4,000 AFY to 1,472 AFY. (2,528/4,000 = 63.2%.)

rationing plan, rate design, and other related issues for the Monterey District.³ Its proposals here, according to Cal-Am, present a comprehensive approach to address supply, conservation, rationing, financial stability, and rate design issues. Among the proposals is an annual consumption true-up pilot program (ACPP). The goal of this program is to adjust rates annually based on updated actual sales in order to stabilize revenues and moderate future Water Revenue Adjustment Mechanism (WRAM) and Modified Cost Balancing Account (MCBA) balances.

1.2. Procedural History

The application was filed on July 14, 2015. A prehearing conference to determine parties, issues, schedule and other matters was held on September 8, 2015. On November 4, 2015, the assigned Commissioner's Scoping Memo and Ruling was filed.

Two public participation hearings were held in Seaside on January 25, 2016. The two hearings were well attended, and statements were made on the record by 53 persons. The general consensus among public speakers was that rate levels are too high, there is rate inequity between customer classes and meter sizes, and customers have exceeded conservation mandates but are still facing increasing rates.⁴

The Scoping Memo scoped ten issues to be addressed in two phases. Phase 1 addressed the request for an expedited rate design change to eliminate

³ Applicant says all proposed changes will be applicable to what is known as its Monterey Main system, including those systems that can produce or receive water from the Seaside Basin and/or Carmel River (including Ryan Ranch, Bishop, and Hidden Hills). The proposals are not applicable to the sub-systems of Toro, Ambler, Chualar, Ralph Lane, or Garrapata.

⁴ See D.16-12-003 at 9-10 for more details.

summer outdoor watering allotments in the upper rate tiers. Those allotments were eliminated by a Commission decision adopted in March 2016. (*See* D.16-03-014.)

Phase 2 covered all remaining issues. Phase 2 issues were resolved by a Commission decision adopted in December 2016. (*See* D.16-12-003.) The Commission did not, however, adopt the ACPP. The proceeding was kept open in a third phase to consider two issues: (a) an improved consumption true-up pilot program, if proposed within 60 days, and (b) a possible penalty for failure by Applicant to reasonably administer its tariffs. Applicant and other parties were encouraged to file a motion for consideration of an improved pilot program, incorporating enhancements discussed in the Commission's decision.

On December 22, 2016, the assigned Commissioner filed an Amended Scoping Memo and Ruling Regarding Phase 3 Issues and Extended Deadline. The Amended Scoping Memo established two phases: (a) Phase 3A to address the true-up mechanism and (b) Phase 3B to address a possible penalty. Phase 3A was categorized as ratesetting with eventual resolution by a Proposed Decision (PD). Phase 3B was categorized as adjudicatory with eventual resolution by a Presiding Officer's Decision (POD).⁵ The original deadline for this proceeding was May 4, 2017. The Amended Scoping Memo extended the deadline to December 31, 2017.

Consistent with the 60-day deadline, on January 30, 2017, a motion was filed for adoption of a revised partial ACPP Settlement Agreement (SA) by

⁵ See Pub. Util. Code §§ 1701.1, 1701.2, and 1701.3 regarding the different procedures and timeframes for reaching a Commission decision in ratesetting compared to adjudicatory matters.

two parties: Applicant and the Monterey Peninsula Water Management District (MPWMD). On February 24, 2017, a motion for adoption of a SA regarding all Phase 3A and 3B issues was filed by four parties: Applicant, MPWMD, Coalition of Peninsula Businesses, and the Commission's Office of Ratepayer Advocates (ORA), collectively "Settling Parties." The motion included a request to suspend the schedule and consider the SA using the record in Phases 1 and 2. On March 8, 2017, a compliance filing was made to separate the SA into the portion dealing with Phase 3A and the portion dealing with Phase 3B (thereby facilitating Commission consideration of SA elements that are in the ratesetting portion of the proceeding separately from those in the adjudicatory portion of the proceeding).

On March 27, 2017, joint comments in support of the Phase 3A SA were filed timely by the Settling Parties, and comments in opposition were filed by Public Trust Alliance (PTA). On March 28, 2017, the motion to suspend the schedule was denied and hearing dates were set. The motion was denied because the SAs were not all-party settlements, issues were in dispute, and "there is insufficient information upon which to judge the SAs..." On April 5, 2017 joint comments in opposition to the SA were filed by Public Water Now (PWN) and Regulatory Liaisons (RL). On April 13, 2017 reply comments in opposition to the SA were filed by PTA.

⁶ See March 28, 2017 Ruling at 10.

Eight days of evidentiary hearings were held between April 13 and November 29, 2017.⁷ By Amended Scoping Memo and Ruling on November 21, 2017, the statutory deadline was extended to September 30, 2018.⁸

Opening briefs were filed on January 22, 2018 by five parties.⁹ Reply Briefs were filed on February 12, 2018 by four parties.¹⁰

On February 12, 2018, PWN/RL moved for permission to file an updated Phase 3 Opening Brief. The motion was opposed by Applicant and CWA. On February 23, 2018, the motion was granted.¹¹

The proceeding was submitted for decision on February 26, 2018, upon receipt of all briefs. This decision is the PD addressing Phase 3A issues. A separate POD was filed to address Phase 3B issues.

1.3. Evidence in Phase 2, D.16-12-003, and Scope of Phase 3A

Cal-Am's July 2015 application included a proposed annual consumption true-up pilot program, or ACPP. On June 17, 2016 (after the filing of Phase 2

⁷ The eight days were: April 13, 14, and 17; August 17 and 18; September 12; November 27 and 29, 2017.

⁸ The statutory deadline was extended in particular due to the amount of time required to complete discovery and the evidentiary portion of the proceeding. In short, the nature of the litigation plus the needs and availabilities of the parties and the Commission required hearings over the course of 2017, and a briefing schedule lasting into February 2018. (See November 21, 2017 Ruling to Extend Deadline at 7-8.) Non-settling parties were given every reasonable opportunity plus an abundant amount of time to engage in discovery, develop disputed issues, present all necessary evidence, testify, cross-examine opposing witnesses, and prepare briefs.

⁹ The five parties are: Applicant, MPWMD, California Water Association (CWA), and jointly by PWN/RL.

¹⁰ The four parties are: applicant, CWA, and jointly by PWN/RL.

¹¹ The motion was granted because the updates did not fundamentally change any of the substantive content. Rather, they updated the Table of Authorities, added footnotes, and corrected exhibit numbers within the text.

reply briefs), applicant and MPWMD moved for adoption of a SA that included refinements to the ACPP. To differentiate it from ACPP, the refined approach was called the consumption adjustment mechanism true-up pilot-program, or CAM.

The Commission declined to adopt the CAM SA on the basis that it was not consistent with the record, lacked a precisely stated methodology, and included inaccurate or imprecise terms. (D.16-12-003 at 63-64; and Finding of Fact 38 at 97.) It also declined to adopt the ACPP on the basis that it was stated in general terms (making its implementation unacceptably vulnerable to dispute) and did not include improvements proposed in CAM. (D.16-12-003 at 65-66; and Finding of Fact 39 at 97.) Nonetheless, the Commission saw merit in a pilot program to adjust rates in the Monterey District to reflect more current sales data, help stabilize revenue collections, and reduce WRAM under-collections. (D.16-12-003 at 66; and Finding of Fact 40 at 97.) The Commission encouraged parties to propose an improved annual consumption true-up pilot program (called ACPP/CAM) to address infirmities noted in D.16-12-003. If parties elected to do so, the Commission required that the proposal be made by motion filed no later than 60 days from the date of the decision. Parties did so, as noted above.

The December 22, 2016 Amended Scoping Memo scoped the Phase 3A (Issue 11) as:

11. True-Up Mechanism: Should an improved annual consumption true-up pilot program be adopted (if a motion for one is filed in this proceeding by January 30, 2017)? If so, what are the specifics of how the program should work? How does the proposed improved program incorporate the elements addressed in D.16-12-003 (see pages 72-73 and Conclusion of Law 25.)?

2. Discussion

Our consideration of an improved ACPP focuses on the February 24, 2017 motion for Commission adoption of a SA, and in particular the Phase 3A SA filed March 8, 2017, with the benefit of the Phase 3A record.

The Phase 3A SA was proposed by the four Settling Parties. It was initially opposed by PTA, PWN, and RL. PTA's concerns were addressed, and it removed its opposition during the evidentiary hearings.¹² While PNW/RL initially commented in opposition to the Phase 3A SA, they did not present any evidence in Phase 3A, and do not argue any objections in their briefs.¹³ In fact, the PWN/RL Joint Opening Brief (at 4) says: "We have nothing to contribute to the True-Up program." Therefore, the Phase 3A SA is unopposed.

We first summarize the Phase 3A SA. We then state the tests used by the Commission to determine whether or not to approve a SA, and assess whether or not the Phase 3A SA meets those tests. We conclude it does.

2.1. Summary of Phase 3A SA

The Phase 3A SA is contained in Attachment 1. The key elements are:

a. <u>Applicability</u>: The ACPP/CAM is a pilot program limited to specified customers in specific parts of Applicant's Monterey Main system.¹⁴ It will be evaluated in a subsequent general

Footnote continued on next page

¹² Reporter's Transcript (RT) Vol. 8 at 1370.

¹³ We do not address matters here that are not briefed by parties. That is, we address and resolve disputes to the extent briefed by parties at the conclusion of the proceeding. We do not identify and resolve each and every other dispute between parties that occurred over the course of the matter. While not a dispute, we address the lack of record on one issue in our discussion of whether the Phase 3A SA is reasonable in light of the record.

¹⁴ This is the Monterey Main system, including the Ryan Ranch, Bishop, and Hidden Hills subsystems, but excluding the Toro, Ambler Park, Chualar, Ralph Lane, and Garrapata subsystems. The program does not apply to customers who are billed under rates and tariffs

- rate case, and Cal-Am will provide actual consumption data for the first full year following its implementation for that evaluation.
- b. Process: Applicant will file a Tier 2 advice letter on or before November 15. The advice letter will provide actual recorded monthly consumption by classification and by tier from October 1 of the prior year through September 30 of the current year, along with the legal and court ordered production limitations, covered by the ACPP/CAM for the applicable Monterey Main system customers. Upon approval of the Tier 2 advice letter, Applicant will file a Tier 1 advice letter to implement new rates January 1 of the subsequent year. The approved data will then replace the adopted quantities beginning January 1 of the subsequent year and be used for future rate adjustments during that year.
- c. <u>Consumption Data</u>: Current rates are to be modified as provided in the SA. Proposed rates in the escalation and attrition years will be based on actual recorded consumption or, if lower, the production limit set by court order or legal restrictions.
- d. <u>Methodology</u>: Four appendices provide more particulars: (1) detailed customer classifications, (2) a sample calculation based on consumption, (3) a sample calculation based on production limits, and (4) a sample calculation of adjustments to volumetric based surcharges.
- e. <u>Tracking and Changes</u>: Cal-Am will track incremental differences with respect to revenues and production costs, and will recalculate consumption based surcharges.
- f. <u>Notice</u>: Cal-Am will give notification, conduct community outreach, and provide an annual notice of the effect on rates to all affected customers.

not subject to tracking and revenue adjustment under the WRAM/MCBA mechanism (such as resale and/or other special use customers).

2.2. Tests to Approve a Settlement

The Commission will not approve a settlement, whether contested or uncontested, unless the settlement meets three criteria: (a) is reasonable in light of the whole record, (b) consistent with law, and (c) in the public interest. (Rule 12.1(d) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure.) Settlements are generally favored by the Commission when they meet these tests. For the reasons stated below, we find the evidence supports the adoption of the Phase 3A SA.

3. Reasonable in Light of the Whole Record

The Phase 3A SA is reasonable in light of the whole record. For example, the Commission identified specific concerns with respect to CAM and ACPP. (D.16-12-003 at 63 – 73.) These included the lack of a precisely stated methodology, use in some cases of inaccurate or imprecise terms, errors or inconsistency in sample calculations, and potential inequitable treatment between classes. The Phase 3A SA addresses these concerns. The Phase 3A SA includes a detailed discussion of the process and method for calculating the true-up. The terms have been revised or eliminated to provide clarity and consistency. Improved details and sample calculations are attached. To address potential inequitable treatment between classes, Cal-Am clarifies that the intent of the ACPP/CAM is not to change any decision related to revenue allocation. At the evidentiary hearing, ORA confirmed that the Phase 3A SA contains the necessary information. 17

¹⁵ See D.88-12-032, D.07-03-044, and D.11-06-023.

¹⁶ Cal-Am Opening Brief at 14.

¹⁷ RT Vol. 8 at 1352.

The record identifies several concerns that are specific to Cal-Am's Monterey District such as supply, large WRAM/MCBA balances, and revenue instability. The Phase 3A SA is tailored to the unique and complex issues in the Monterey District, in particular the continuing water supply constraints and revenue variability inherent in the steeply tiered conservation rate design. Moreover, the Phase 3A SA gives Cal-Am a mechanism that should moderate WRAM/MCBA balances.

Concerns were expressed in comments on the Phase 3A SA that the proposed true-up mechanism was fatally flawed.¹⁸ In particular, the comments identified alleged fatal flaws from the failure to address forecasting accuracy. According to these comments, Cal-Am had "failed to account for water demand stimulation & [sic] destruction by"¹⁹ multiple factors including drought, minor weather variations, price change, consumption trends, conservation programs, mass media conservation campaigns, and deep discount pricing for non-residential customers. The comments stated that "demand forecasting taking this list of factors as inputs is particularly easy to create and materially enhances the result of an Annual True-Up program such as ACPP/CAM."²⁰ No evidence, however, was presented by any party in Phase 3A showing ways to improve upon the data or method. In particular, no evidence was presented to show that demand forecasting can easily take these factors into account and materially enhance the results.

¹⁸ April 5, 2017 Response of PWN/RL to Phase 3A SA.

¹⁹ April 5, 2017 Response of PWN/RL to Phase 3A SA at 3.

²⁰ April 5, 2017 Response of PWN/RL to Phase 3A SA at 3.

As a result, we conclude that the Phase 3A SA is reasonable in light of the whole record.

4. Consistent with Law

The Phase 3A SA is consistent with law. The issues resolved therein are within the scope of the proceeding. No party identifies any statutory provision or prior Commission decision that would be contravened or compromised, and we are aware of none. The Phase 3A SA specifically addresses contemporaneously adjusting variable water costs along with rates based on sales forecasts to provide compatibility with the law.²¹ As a result, we conclude that the Phase 3A SA is consistent with law.

5. In the Public Interest

The Phase 3A SA is in the public interest. Cal-Am's Monterey District has a history of WRAM/MCBA under-collections that must be addressed in a more timely way. The proposed true-up mechanism provides a reliable and timely process for adjusting the authorized consumption and production forecasts used in setting rates for each escalation and attrition year. The adjusted rates increase the likelihood of collecting the authorized revenue requirement and moderating WRAM/MCBA balances.

To the extent the ACPP/CAM is able to moderate large rate adjustments in WRAM/MCBA balances compared to existing procedures, the updated rates will provide more rate and customer bill stability, and allow customers to

²¹ By ALJ Ruling on March 3, 2007 (at page 8), the concern was raised that revising rates based on adopting a revised sales forecast without contemporaneously adjusting the variable water production costs would result in rates that would likely not be just and reasonable, as required by Pub. Util. Code § 451. Settling Parties addressed this by including a specific item addressing costs. (*See* § 4.7.2 of the Phase 3A SA filed on March 8, 2017.)

improve their ability to plan for their annual water cost budgets. The updated rates will also provide improved price information so that use-reduction (conservation) rate signals are more timely and consistently provided to customers. They will address intergenerational equity concerns by the more timely recovery of costs in rates (e.g., not deferring cost recovery via large WRAM/MCBA balances to future customers, but improving the alignment of that cost recovery with current customers). They will reduce interest costs recovered in rates by shortening the period that WRAM/MCBA accounts accrue interest.

It is reasonable for ACPP/CAM to use the latest annual consumption numbers because usage has been, and continues to be, unpredictable. This is due to many factors including aggressive overall conservation activities and customer response to tiered pricing. The true-up adjustment process will use updated consumption data (both overall and by tiers) to improve revenue recovery and stabilize rates (both overall and by tiers) compared to existing procedures. It should also moderate WRAM/MCBA balances that in particular are driven here by the unique rate design and amount of revenue recovered in the upper tiers.

The Phase 3A SA resolves disputed issues and provides regulatory certainty. The settlement negotiations were conducted at arm's length and there is no evidence to suggest any collusion or undue influence. The Settling Parties were adequately represented by experienced counsel.

The Phase 3A SA provides that Cal-Am will provide notice to all affected customers, will provide community outreach, and will notify ORA and MPWMD of its efforts to notify customers. (Phase 3A SA § 4.8.1.) It also provides that Cal-Am will provide an annual notice to customers of the effect on rates of any

changes that occur as a result of the annual consumption adjustment due to the true-up mechanism. (Phase 3A SA § 4.8.2.) We note two items here.

First, Cal-Am should consult with the Commission's Public Advisor regarding these notices. Applicant should do so because of concerns expressed by Monterey District customers with rate levels and rate adjustments, the relatively complex adjustment mechanisms involved, and the sensitive nature of these communications.

Second, we understand "conduct community outreach" (Phase 3A SA § 4.8.1) means that Cal-Am will hold public meetings to explain ACPP/CAM and bill impacts to Monterey District customers. Cal-Am should consult with the Commission's Public Advisor on the number and location of these public meetings, and anything else reasonably necessary to make the community outreach successful.

For all these reasons, we conclude that the Phase 3A SA is in the public interest.

6. Conclusion

The Phase 3A SA is reasonable in light of the whole record, consistent with law, and in the public interest. It should be adopted.

7. Comments on Proposed Decision

The proposed decision of ALJ in this matter was mailed to the parties in
accordance with Section 311 of the Public Utilities Code and comments were
allowed under Rule 14.3 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure.
Comments were filed on, and reply comments were filed on
by

8. Assignment of Proceeding

Liane M. Randolph is the assigned Commissioner and Gary Weatherford is the assigned Administrative Law Judge in this proceeding.

Findings of Fact

- 1. Cal–Am is under SWRCB orders to cease unlawful diversions from the Carmel River by December 31, 2021; and a Monterey County Superior Court order to ramp-down its draws from the Seaside Groundwater Basin by December 31, 2021.
- 2. D.16-12-003 kept this proceeding open to address two issues, one being an improved annual consumption true-up pilot program, if proposed within 60 days.
- 3. Two parties moved within the required 60 days for adoption of an improved ACPP.
- 4. On February 24, 2017, four parties filed a motion for adoption of a Settlement Agreement; the portion of the SA dealing with Phase 3A was filed as a compliance filing on March 8, 2017.
- 5. The Phase 3A SA addresses the concerns with ACPP and CAM identified by the Commission in D.16-12-003, and no party presented evidence in Phase 3A regarding ways to improve upon the data or methods in the proposed true-up mechanism.
 - 6. The Phase 3A SA is reasonable in light of the whole record.
- 7. The Phase 3A SA resolves issues within the scope of this proceeding, no party identifies any statutes or Commission decisions that would be contravened, and the Phase 3A SA specifically addresses contemporaneous adjustment of costs with rates to provide compatibility with law.

- 8. Cal-Am's Monterey District has a history of WRAM/MCBA under-collections that must be addressed in a more timely way.
- 9. The proposed true-up mechanism provides a reliable and timely process for adjusting the authorized consumption and production forecasts used in setting rates for each escalation and attrition year; and the adjusted rates increase the likelihood of collecting the authorized revenue requirement and moderating WRAM/MCBA balances.
- 10. Updated rates resulting from the true-up mechanism will, compared to existing procedures, provide more rate and bill stability, allow customers to improve their budgets for annual water costs, improve the timeliness and consistency of price information, address intergenerational equity concerns, and reduce interest costs recovered in rates.
- 11. Community outreach includes Cal-Am conducting public meetings to explain ACPP/CAM and bill impacts to Monterey District customers.
 - 12. The Phase 3A SA is in the public interest.

Conclusions of Law

- 1. The Phase 3A SA is consistent with law.
- 2. Cal-Am should consult with the Commission's Public Advisor regarding the customer notices and community outreach provided in the Phase 3A SA.
- 3. The February 24, 2017 motion for the adoption of the Phase 3A SA should be granted with respect to the Phase 3A SA filed on March 8, 2017.
- 4. This decision should be effective today in order to resolve issues promptly, provide certainty, and establish the true-up mechanism without delay.

ORDER

IT IS ORDERED that:

3. Application 15-07-019 is closed.

- 1. The February 24, 2017 motion for adoption of the Settlement Agreement is granted with respect to the Phase 3A Settlement Agreement filed on March 8, 2017.
- 2. California-American Water Company shall consult with the Commission's Public Advisor regarding the customer notices and community outreach in Section 4.8 of the Phase 3A Settlement Agreement.

This order is effective today.	
Dated	, at San Francisco, California

ATTACHMENT 1

SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT ON PHASE 3A ISSUES

Filed on March 8, 2017

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Application of California-American Water Company (U210W) for Authorization to Modify Conservation and Rationing Rules, Rate Design, and Other Related Issues for the Monterey District.

Application 15-07-019 (Filed July 14, 2015)

SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT BETWEEN CALIFORNIA-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY, THE OFFICE OF RATEPAYER ADVOCATES, MONTEREY PENINSULA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT, AND COALITION OF PENINSULA BUSINESSES ON PHASE 3A ISSUES

Richard Svindland California-American Water Company 655 W. Broadway, Suite 1410 San Diego, CA 92101 (916) 568-4296 Richard.Svindland@amwater.com For California-American Water Company

David Stoldt
Monterey Peninsula Water Management District
P.O. Box 85
Monterey, CA 93942
(831) 658-5600
DStoldt@mpwmd.net
For Monterey Peninsula Water Management District

Elizabeth Echols California Public Utilities Commission 505 Van Ness Avenue San Francisco, CA 94102 (415) 703-2381 Elizabeth.Echols@cpuc.ca.gov For Office of Ratepayer Advocates

Bob McKenzie
Water Issues Consultant
Coalition of Peninsula Businesses
P.O. Box 223542
Carmel, CA 93922
Telephone: (831) 596-4206
Email: jrbobmck@gmail.com

For: Coalition of Peninsula Businesses

March 8, 2017

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Application of California-American Water Company (U210W) for Authorization to Modify Conservation and Rationing Rules, Rate Design, and Other Related Issues for the Monterey District.

Application 15-07-019 (Filed July 14, 2015)

SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT BETWEEN CALIFORNIA-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY, THE OFFICE OF RATEPAYER ADVOCATES, MONTEREY PENINSULA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT, AND COALITION OF PENINSULA BUSINESSES ON PHASE 3A ISSUES

1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Pursuant to Article 12 of the Rules of Practice and Procedure of the California Public Utilities Commission ("Commission"), California-American Water Company ("Cal-Am" or the "Company"), the Office of Rate Payer Advocates ("ORA"), Monterey Peninsula Water Management District ("MPWMD") and the Coalition of Peninsula Businesses (hereinafter, "the Parties") have agreed on the terms of this settlement agreement (the "Phase 3A Settlement Agreement"), which they now submit for approval. This Phase 3A Settlement Agreement supersedes the revised settlements filed by Cal-Am and MPWMD on January 30, 2017 and February 24, 2017 and embodies the entire understanding and agreement of the Parties with respect to the matters described herein.

The Parties, desiring to avoid the expense, inconvenience, and uncertainty attendant to litigation of matters in dispute between them, have agreed on this Phase 3A Settlement Agreement, which they now submit for approval.

Because the Phase 3A Settlement Agreement represents a compromise by them, the Parties have entered into each stipulation contained in the Phase 3A Settlement Agreement on the basis that the Agreement's approval by the Commission not be construed as an admission or concession by any Party regarding any fact or matter of law in dispute in this proceeding. Furthermore, the Parties intend that the approval of this Phase 3A Settlement Agreement by the

Commission not be construed as a precedent or statement of policy of any kind for or against any Party in any current or future proceeding. (See Rule 12.5, Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure.)

The Parties agree that no signatory to the Phase 3A Settlement Agreement assumes any personal liability as a result of their agreement. All rights and remedies of the Parties are limited to those available before the Commission. Furthermore, the Parties originally reached the Phase 3A Settlement Agreement as an integrated package both as to the contents of that Agreement as well as and in combination with the contents of the Phase 3B Settlement, as opposed to agreeing to specific elements of the Phase 3A and 3B Settlement Agreements separately. If the Commission adopts the Phase 3A and 3B Settlement Agreements with modifications (which would include adopting one Agreement but not the other), all the Parties must consent to the modifications or the Phase 3A and 3B Settlement Agreements are void, and all Parties reserve all rights set forth in Rule 12.4 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure. As between the Parties, this Phase 3A Settlement Agreement may be amended or changed only by a written agreement signed by the Parties.

This Phase 3A Settlement Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, and the counterparts together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Each of the Parties hereto and their respective counsel and advocates have contributed to the preparation of this Phase 3A Settlement Agreement. Accordingly, the Parties agree that no provision of this Phase 3A Settlement Agreement shall be construed against any Party because that Party or its counsel drafted the provision.

The Phase 3A Settlement Agreement supersedes any prior agreement, commitments, representations, or discussions between the Parties concerning the issues agreed to herein. The Phase 3A Settlement Agreement does not alter the rate design or revenue requirement approved in Decision ("D.") 16-12-003.

The Parties agree to use their best efforts to obtain Commission approval of the Phase 3A Settlement Agreement. The Parties shall request that the Commission approve the Phase 3A

Settlement Agreement without change and find the Phase 3A Settlement Agreement to be reasonable, consistent with the law, and in the public interest.

2. BACKGROUND

Phase 3 of this proceeding addresses two issues: (A) an annual consumption true-up pilot program (Annual Consumption Pilot Program ("ACPP")/Consumption Adjustment Mechanism ("CAM")) for the Monterey County District, and (B) Cal-Am's administration of its allotment based residential tariffs for the Monterey County District. In addition to the Phase 3A Settlement Agreement here, the Parties submitted a separate settlement agreement to address the issues in Phase 3B.

3. SUMMARY OF SETTLMENT

This Phase 3A Settlement Agreement addresses the first of the issues to be addressed in Phase 3 of this proceeding: (A) an annual consumption true-up pilot program (Annual Consumption Pilot Program ("ACPP")/Consumption Adjustment Mechanism ("CAM")) for the Monterey County District. The Parties recognize the substantial record that has already been developed in Phase 1 and Phase 2 of this proceeding and believe that this record is sufficient to justify the settlement terms below.

4. PHASE 3A – ANNUAL CONSUMPTION TRUE-UP PILOT PROGRAM

4.1 Overview

- 4.1.1 Cal-Am provides metered water service to approximately 38,500 customers in its Monterey Main system, which is comprised of the Monterey Main system, Hidden Hills, Ryan Ranch and Bishop. Currently, all Monterey County District water customers are billed on a monthly basis. The Phase 3A Settlement Agreement provides the implementation details for the ACPP/CAM covering residential and non-residential customers in the Monterey Main system subject to Water Revenue Adjustment Mechanism ("WRAM")/Modified Cost Balancing Account ("MCBA") true-ups.
- 4.1.2 Due to continuing supply constraints and unexpectedly large variances in consumption forecasts, parties request a reliable and timely process for adjusting the authorized

consumption and production forecasts for each annual escalation and attrition year in Monterey so that the rates developed for those annual periods ensure the likelihood that conservation rates will collect the annual authorized revenue requirement and WRAM/MCBA balances will be moderated. Parties believe that utilizing a more current consumption forecast could allow customers to better budget their annual water costs, provide the right pricing signals so that all conservation and use restriction signals are timely and consistently provided to customers, address inter-generational equity concerns in the timely recovery of costs in rates and lower rates to customers by shortening the period that accounts accrue interest. The process that is defined in this Phase 3A Settlement Agreement is tailored to the unique and complex issues in Monterey.

4.2 Need for ACPP/CAM

- 4.2.1 Parties support the ACPP/CAM because of urgent needs to address the timely recovery of the WRAM balances in Monterey, which have been impacted by the legal and regulatory restrictions on Cal-Am's water supply that stem from the State Water Resources Control Board ("SWRCB") Order No. WR 95-10, a superior court decision in the Seaside Ground Water Basin adjudication in 2006, and finally the SWRCB Order No. WR 2009-0060, a Cease and Desist Order ("CDO") issued in 2009.
- 4.2.2 Parties believe that it is reasonable to use the latest annual consumption numbers in Monterey because the usage is unpredictable due to aggressive conservation activities and tiered pricing, and there has been a continual unpredictable decline in usage and usage per customer on the Monterey Peninsula. Parties support the need to adjust overall consumption, but equally or perhaps, more importantly, to adjust the consumption by tier because of the unique rate design and the amount of revenue that is recovered in the upper tiers in Monterey.
- 4.2.3 The Parties agree that any legal or court ordered reductions that are prospectively to take place within the time period of the projections developed in the annual ACPP/CAM filing must be considered and the total annual production for the annual projected

period must be limited to the maximum production allowed under any current CDO and basin adjudication.

4.2.4 Parties support the ACPP/CAM in Monterey because of the strict use restrictions and the amended CDO deadline, which will continue to place downward pressure on, and require strict demand limits in the future. Parties support the ACPP/CAM in Monterey because the successful financing of the Monterey Peninsula Water Supply Project ("MPWSP") (Application ("A.") 12-04-019) could benefit from more stable revenue. The identified funding mechanisms for the MPWSP including Surcharge 2, State Revolving Funds ("SRF") and the securitized debt all rely on the timely collection of authorized revenue. Unpredictability in the timely recovery of revenue can be a concern for capital markets and may result in lower credit ratings, or worse – the inability to use some or all of the innovative financing tools identified for the water supply project in order to hold down costs to ratepayers.

4.3 Applicability

4.3.1 The ACPP/CAM covers residential and non-residential customers in the Monterey Main system subject to WRAM/MCBA true-ups, which includes Ryan Ranch, Bishop and Hidden Hills but excludes the satellite systems of Toro, Ambler Park, Ralph Lane, Garrapata and Chualar. The ACPP/CAM would apply to most metered customers in these areas only. The proposed ACPP/CAM is a pilot program limited to the Monterey County District and is appropriate to address the unique issues facing Cal-Am's Monterey County District. The ACPP/CAM agreed to in this settlement will be evaluated in the 2019 general rate case (with rates effective January 1, 2021) following the current general rate case (A.16-07-002). When it becomes available, Cal-Am will provide the actual consumption data for the first full year following the implementation of the ACPP/CAM to ORA for that evaluation.

¹ It would not apply to customers who are billed under rates and tariffs not subject to tracking and revenue adjustment under a WRAM/MCBA mechanism such as resale customers and/or other special use customers.

4.3.2 The current tariff sheets that would be wholly or partially covered under the ACPP/CAM include those listed in the table below for Cal-Am's Monterey County District and includes General Metered Service for the residential, mixed use and most non-residential customers.

MO-1	Monterey County	General Metered	Residential
	District Tariff Area	Service	Customers
CA-LIRA	California American Water Low Income Ratepayer Assistance Program	General Metered Service	Monterey Low Income Residential Customers
MO-1MU	Monterey County	General Metered	Mixed Use
	District Tariff Area	Service	Customers
MO-1C	Monterey County	General Metered	Non-Residential
	District Tariff Area	Service	Customers

4.4 Process

The Parties agree that this process would apply to most customers in the three billing classifications in the Monterey Main System, Bishop, Hidden Hills and Ryan Ranch areas. The Parties agree that the ACPP/CAM would adjust rates on a prospective basis through the following proposed process:

4.4.1 Cal-Am would be required to file an annual Tier 2 advice letter on or before November 15. The advice letter would provide the actual recorded consumption and legal and court ordered production limitations for the Monterey Main system customer classes that are covered by the process defined and detailed in this settlement. Further, the information provided will be monthly data by affected classification and by tier from October 1 of the prior year through September 30 of the current year. This data will be exactly the same data as will be presented in the annual required WRAM/MCBA report that is required to be filed on an annual basis.

- 4.4.2 With approval of the Tier 2 advice letter by the Commission's Water Division, a Tier 1 advice letter would be filed to implement new rates on January 1 of the subsequent year.
- 4.4.3 This consumption and production data would then replace the adopted quantities beginning January 1 of the subsequent year and would be used for future rate adjustments, including all annual step and offset filings, in that calendar year until the adopted quantities are updated the following year.

4.5 Consumption Data

- 4.5.1 Current rates are based on the adopted average annual consumption, as determined in D.15-04-007. These current rates are to be modified by the use of actual 2015 consumption data by rate class and by tier as ordered in D.16-12-003. This would include the use of consumption by tier by customer classification for residential customers and by division for non-residential customers. For example, new Tariffs filed by Cal-Am per Advice Letter 1148 with a proposed effective date of March 1, 2017, will reflect 2015 consumption data by rate class and by tier, consistent with D.16-12-003.
- 4.5.2 Proposed rates in the escalation and attrition year (e.g., 2019 and 2020 of the current general rate case (A.16-07-002)) would be based on the actual recorded consumption and consumption by tier for residential and by division for non-residential customers for the 12-month period ended September 30, unless such recorded consumption is greater than the court ordered or legally restricted limits to be in place during the projected period, in which case the production limit will be set at the maximum limitations of the court order and legal restrictions. (See <u>Appendix B</u> for the sample calculation).

4.6 Appendix Descriptions

- 4.6.1 <u>Appendix A</u> provides a list of all detailed customer classifications that will be subject to the annual true-up process.
- 4.6.2 <u>Appendix B</u> provides a sample calculation of how the ACPP/CAM would work to establish rates for the subsequent year based on the recorded consumption for the

previous 12 month period ending on September prior to the annual period in which the current adjustment is to be effective for Rate Schedule MO-1, CA-LIRA (for Monterey), MO-1MU and MO-1C for applicable residential, mixed use and non-residential customers, respectively.

- 4.6.3 <u>Appendix C</u> provides a sample calculation of how the ACPP/CAM would work to establish the appropriate level of consumption for the subsequent year based on production limitations for the prospective annual period in which the current adjustment is to be effective for Rate Schedule MO-1, MO-1MU and MO-1C for applicable residential, mixed use and non-residential customers, respectively.
- 4.6.4 <u>Appendix D</u> provides a sample calculation of how the ACPP/CAM would adjust volumetric based surcharges for the subsequent year based on recorded consumption for the previous 12-month period.

4.7 Tracking and Changes

- 4.7.1 Parties agree that Cal-Am will track the incremental difference between the revenue that should be collected in a given year under the ACPP/CAM and the incremental actual revenues collected.
- 4.7.2 Parties agree that Cal-Am will track the incremental difference between the production costs that were authorized in a given year under the ACPP/CAM and the actual production costs that were incurred in that year.
- 4.7.3 The Parties agree that any consumption based surcharges that are in place in the Monterey Main system, as defined above, will be recalculated to take into account the new annual consumption forecast resulting through the ACPP/CAM.

4.8 Notice

4.8.1 The Parties agree that Cal-Am will provide notifications to all affected customers in the Monterey County District, including a description of the ACPP/CAM and will conduct community outreach to explain how the ACPP/CAM changes affect customers. Cal-Am agrees that it will notify ORA and MPWMD of its efforts to notify its customers.

4.8.2 The Parties agree that the Company will provide an annual notice to customers of the effect on rates of any changes that occur as a result of the annual consumption adjustment made effective due to the ACPP/CAM.

By: /s/ Julial Chinellon 9	By: /s/ Elizabeth Echols, Director
Richard Svindland, Vice President of Operations	For Office of Ratepayer Advocates
For California-American Water Company	
By:_/s/	By: /s/
David Stoldt, General Manager	Bob McKenzie, Water Issues Consultant
For Monterey Peninsula Water Management District	For Coalition of Peninsula Businesses

By: /s/	By: /s/ Cklingso for
Richard Svindland, Vice President of	Elizabeth Echols, Director
Operations	
	For Office of Ratepayer Advocates
For California-American Water Company	
	,
D /a/	By: /s/
By: /s/	Bob McKenzie, Water Issues Consultant
David Stoldt, General Manager	Doo weekinzie, water issues consultant
For Monterey Peninsula Water Management	For Coalition of Peninsula Businesses
District	

By: /s/
Richard Svindland, Vice President of Operations

For California-American Water Company

By: /s/
David Stoldt, General Manager

By: /s/
By: /s/
By: /s/
Bob McKenzie, Water Issues Consultant

For Monterey Peninsula Water Management District

For Coalition of Peninsula Businesses

By: /s/	By: /s/
Richard Svindland, Vice President of	Elizabeth Echols, Director
Operations	
	For Office of Ratepayer Advocates
For California-American Water Company	
By: /s/	By: /s/
David Stoldt, General Manager	Bob McKenzie, Water Issues Consultant
For Monterey Peninsula Water Management District	For Coalition of Peninsula Businesses

APPENDIX A

CALIFORNIA AMERICAN WATER COMPANY MONTEREY COUNTY DISTRICT (A.15-07-019) APPENDIX A: LIST OF CUSTOMER CLASSIFICATIONS SUBJECT TO ANNUAL TRUE-UP PROCESS

By Customer Class

Residential Single Family (including low income)¹

Residential Multi-Family

Non-Residential (including commercial, irrigation, public authority, industrial, golf, industrial)

Mixed Use

By System

Montery Main (including Bishop, Hidden Hills, Ryan Ranch)

Customer Classes/Systems not Subject to the CAM

Resale

Construction

Other Special Use

Ralph Lane

Chualar

Garrapata

Ambler

Toro

¹ Low income customers are included as they are billed at regular rates for revenue requirement purposes with the discount applied

APPENDIX B

CALIFORNIA AMERICAN WATER COMPANY MONTEREY COUNTY DISTRICT (A.15-07-019)

APPENDIX B: CONSUMPTION ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM (CAM) EXAMPLE

Note: Based on Actual October 1, 2015 - through - September 30, 2016 recorded data

Single Family Residential Consumption by Tier⁽¹⁾

Recorded

	Adopted Calendar	10/1/15 - 9/30/16	
tens of cfs	Yr 2017 ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	(1)(5)	% Change
Tier 1	12,056,752	11,757,894	-2.5%
Tier 2	5,108,628	4,459,438	-12.7%
Tier 3	2,343,724	1,857,813	-20.7%
Tier 4	931,618	727,524	-21.9%
Tier 5	756,024	653,904	-13.5%
Total	21,196,747	19,456,572	

Multi-Family Residential Consumption by Tier Recorded

Adopted Calendar 10/1/15 - 9/30/16

tens of cfs	Yr 2017 ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	(5)	% Change
Tier 1	3,379,682	3,519,069	4.1%
Tier 2	1,750,449	1,613,518	-7.8%
Tier 3	472,893	372,768	-21.2%
Tier 4	280,855	240,407	-14.4%
Tier 5	178,701	379,024	112.1%
Total	6,062,580	6,124,785	

Non-Residential Consumption by Division

tens of cfs	Adopted Calendar Yr 2017 (3)	Recorded 10/1/15 - 9/30/16	% Change
Division 1	6,728,655	9,895,738	47.1%
Division 2	42,867	1,012,869	2262.8%
Division 3	8,262,946	1,587,054	-80.8%
Division 4	503,034	501,535	-0.3%
	15,537,502	12,997,196	
System Total ⁽²⁾	42,796,829	38,578,554	

¹⁾ Includes low income

²⁾ Includes Monterey Main, Bishop, Ryan Ranch, Hidden Hills

³⁾ This ia actual recorded data for October 2015 - September 2016

⁴⁾ Tier Data has been adjusted to correspond to usage per block under rate design adopted in D.16-12-003

⁵⁾ This is actual recorded data for the period and has been adjusted to correspond to the necessary data by block adopted by the new rate design approved in D.16-12-003

CALIFORNIA AMERICAN WATER COMPANY MONTEREY COUNTY DISTRICT (A.15-07-019)

APPENDIX B: CONSUMPTION ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM (CAM) EXAMPLE

PRODUCTION COST ADJUSTMENT

Based on Cons as for	10/1/15-9/30/16	4,257,315	2,056,442	0.483037	\$ 203,758
UNDER	D.16-12-003	4,679,143	2,260,200	0.483037)ifference
UNDER	D.15-04-007 (1)	4,768,262	2,303,248	0.483037	
		Total Authorized Production	Authorized Power Cost	RATE	Variable Cost Reduction

ASR Prodiction Requirements

399460

(1) The total authorized production includes production from ASR Wells that have to be included in determining

Purchased Power Costs

Percentage of Change	41.25% \$	-1.47% \$	60.22% \$	\$ 100.00%
Consumption Percentage Changes ⁽²⁾	Residential	Multi-Residential	Non-Residential	Variable Cost Reduction

(3,004.74)

122,706.21

84,056.91

203,758

(2) The percentage figures shown in this example are determined by the change in usage as shown on page 1 of this Appendix

(3) This amount is the total reduction necessary to capture the change in variable costs due to the change in production

A.15-07-019 ALJ/GW2/lil

CALIFORNIA-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY MONTEREY COUNTY DISTRICT (A 15-07-019) APPENDIX B: ADJUSTMENTS TO RATE DESIGN TO REFLECT THE CAM

Note: The following schedules are meant how volumentic rates would be adjusted under the CAM. The numbers presented are for liaustrative purposes only and do not necessarily reflect the final outcome of Decision D.16-12-003 in this proceeding or other submitted by the CAM. The numbers presented are for liaustrative purposes only and a consumption figures shown in the bedow schedules under the adjusted to reform the Previously Adopted and under the CAM are as adopted to 16-12-003. The consumption figures shown in the bedow schedules under the adjusted to entire the came in the previously and the search of the 12-003 by block in the CAM schedule has been adjusted to eliminate alloments and reflect the same follows but by the adopted block design in D.15-07-003. The consumption figure as shown under the CAM is the section of the CAM schedule has been adjusted to eliminate alloments and reflect the same follows but by the adopted block design in D.15-07-07-07. The consumption figure as shown under the CAM is the section of the CAM schedule has been adjusted to eliminate alloments and reflect the same but by the adopted block design in D.15-07-07-07.

	SINGL	LI AIMIEI ONDE	SINGLE FAMILI UNDER FREVIOUSE! ADOF LED CONSOME HON	ED CONS	NO.			
Standard C	Standard Components	Standard per D.8	Standard Rate Design per D.86-05-064	Col	Conservation Rate Design as adopted in D.16-12-003	esign 2-003		Standa
	Avg Number	50% Meter	Meter	30 %Meter	Meter			
Meter Size	of Meters	Rate	Revenues	Rate	Revenues		Met	Weter Size
5/8 x 3/4	28,527	\$32.20	\$11,021,366	\$16.53	\$5,658,616		L	5/8 x 3/4
3/4	261	\$48.29	\$151,255	\$28.94	\$90,655			3/4
_	3,923	\$80.49	\$3,789,114	\$57.84	\$2,722,876			_
1-1/2	375	\$160.98	\$724,404	\$181.33	\$816,006			1-1/2
2	26	\$257.57	\$299,806	\$309.48	\$360,232			7
က	0	\$482.94	\$0	\$580.27	\$0			က
4	0	\$804.89	\$0	\$1,015.47	\$0			4
9	0	\$1,609.79	\$0	\$2,176.02	\$0			9
∞	0	\$2,575.66	\$0	\$3,481.63	\$0			∞
TOTAL	33,183		\$15,985,945		\$9,648,385			TOTAL
	Consumption	Volume	Standard Base	Volume		Conservation		
Block	(10cfs)	Revenues	Qnty Rate	Revenues	Factor	Onty Rate	Block	×
Block 1	12,056,752	\$8,070,484	\$0.6694	\$6,182,873	100%	\$0.5128	Block 1	* -
Block 2	5,108,628	\$3,419,586	\$0.6694	\$3,929,665	150%	\$0.7692	Block 2	× 2
Block 3	2,343,724	\$1,568,830	\$0.6694	\$4,206,632	350%	\$1.7948	Block 3	ε
Block 4	931,618	\$623,602	\$0.6694	\$3,105,356	%099	\$3.333	Block 4	4
Block 5	756,024	\$506,064	\$0.6694	\$3,101,600	%008	\$4.1025	Block 5	χ ω
TOTAL	21,196,747	\$14,188,566		\$20,526,126	97	0.5128	TOTAL	.AL
			•					
TOTAL REVENUES (vol + mtr)	ES (vol + mtr)	\$30,174,511		\$30,174,511	\$20,526,126 <	\$20,526,126 <qnty rate="" target<="" td=""><td>TOT</td><td>TOTAL REVEN</td></qnty>	TOT	TOTAL REVEN
		\$0.6604	\$0.000 SBB ner 10cfs	10,11,000				
		1000.00						

Standard (Standard Components	Standard I per D.8	Standard Rate Design per D.86-05-064	Co	Conservation Rate Design as adopted in D.16-12-003	e Design 6-12-003
1	Avg Number	50% Meter	Meter	30 %Meter	Meter	
Meter Size	of Meters	Rate	Revenues	Rate	Revenues	
5/8 x 3/4	742	\$32.20	\$286,671	\$16.53	\$147,183	
3/4	_	\$48.29	\$580	\$28.94	\$347	
_	342	\$80.49	\$330,328	\$57.84	\$237,375	
1-1/2	110	\$160.98	\$212,492	\$181.33	\$239,362	
2	112	\$257.57	\$346,168	\$309.48	\$415,938	
က	9	\$482.94	\$17,386	\$580.27	\$20,890	
4	ဇ	\$804.89	\$28,976	\$1,015.47	\$36,557	
9	9	\$1,609.79	\$115,905	\$2,176.02	\$156,673	
80	9	\$2,575.66	\$185,447	\$3,481.63	\$250,677	
TOTAL	1,325		\$1,523,952		\$1,505,003	
	Consumption	Volume	Standard Base	Volume		Conservation
Block	(10cfs)	Revenues	Qnty Rate	Revenues	Factor	Onty Rate
Block 1	3,379,682	\$2,262,273	\$0.6694	\$1,262,340	100%	\$0.3735
Block 2	1,750,449	\$1,171,706	\$0.6694	\$980,711	150%	\$0.5603
Block 3	472,893	\$316,543	\$0.6694	\$618,204	320%	\$1.3073
Block 4	280,855	\$187,997	\$0.6694	\$681,861	%059	\$2.4278
Block 5	178,701	\$119,618	\$0.6694	\$533,970	%008	\$2.9881
TOTAL	6,062,580	\$4,058,137		\$4,077,086	₩.	3 0.3735
TOTAL REVENUES (vol + mt)	ES (vol + mtr)	\$5,582,089 \$5,582,089		\$5,582,089 \$5,582,089	\$4,077,086 <-	\$4,077,086 <qnty rate="" target<="" td=""></qnty>
		\$0.6694	\$0.6694 SBR per 10cts			

Av Meter Size 0 5/8 x 3/4 3/4 1 1-1/2 2		per D.8	per D.86-05-064	GO as	as adopted in D.16-12-003	Jesign 12-003	
4/	Avg Number	50% Meter	Meter	30 %Meter	Meter		
5/8 x 3/4 3/4 1 1-1/2 2	of Meters	Rate	Revenues	Rate	Revenues		
3,4 1-1/2 2 2 2 6	28,527	\$32.20	\$11,021,366	\$16.53	\$5,658,616		
1-1/2	261	\$48.29	\$151,255	\$28.94	\$90,655		
1-1/2	3,923	\$80.49	\$3,789,114	\$57.84	\$2,722,876		
0 0	375	\$160.98	\$724,404	\$181.33	\$816,006		
c	46	\$257.57	\$299,806	\$309.48	\$360,232		
2	0	\$482.94	•	\$580.27	•		
4	0	\$804.89	•	\$1,015.47	٠		
9	0	\$1,609.79	•	\$2,176.02	,		
80	0	\$2,575.66	•	\$3,481.63			
TOTAL	33,183		\$15,985,945		\$9,648,385		
Ō	Adjusted Consumption	Volume	Adjusted Standard Base	Volume		Adjusted Conservation	
Block	(10cfs)	Revenues	Qnty Rate	Revenues	Factor	Qnty Rate	
Block 1	11,757,894	\$8,523,563	\$0.7249	\$6,885,102	100%	\$0.5856	
Block 2	4,459,438	\$3,232,747	\$0.7249	\$3,916,988	150%	\$0.8784	
Block 3	1,857,813	\$1,346,770	\$0.7249	\$3,807,596	350%	\$2.0495	Block
Block 4	727,524	\$527,399	\$0.7249	\$2,769,118	%099	\$3.8062	
Block 5	653,904	\$474,029	\$0.7249	\$3,063,265	800%	\$4.6846	
TOTAL	19 456 572	\$14,104,509		\$20,442,069		\$ 0.5856	a
	7,000		•				
TOTAL REVENUES (vol + mtr)	ol + mtr)	\$30,090,454		\$30,090,454	\$20,442,069 <	\$20,442,069 < Onty Rate Target	TOTAL

Standard Rate Design per D.86-05-064 as	50% Meter Meter 30 %Meter Rate Revenues Rate	.20 \$286,671	\$48.29 \$580 \$28.94	342 \$80.49 \$330,328 \$57.84	10 \$160.98 \$212,492 \$181.33	112 \$257.57 \$346,168 \$309.48	3 \$482.94 \$17,386 \$580.27	3 \$804.89 \$28,976 \$1,015.47	\$1,609.79 \$115,905 \$2,176.02	5 \$2,575.66 \$185,447 \$3,481.63	1,325 \$1,523,952	Note	\$5.585.094
Conservation Rate Design as adopted in D.16-12-003	Meter Revenues	\$147,183	\$347	\$237,375	\$239,362	\$415,938	\$20,890	\$36,557	\$156,673	\$250,677	\$1,505,003	Adjusted Conservation Conservation 100% \$100% \$1,205 \$5,2344 \$1,205 \$2,766 \$2,2865 \$2,7861 \$6,00% \$2,7861 \$2,7861 \$2,7861	\$4.080.091 <quty rate="" target<="" td=""></quty>
						no change to meter	calculation under the CAM					volumetric rates change as a function of the adjusted consumption	

1) The rate shown here is the result of the goal seek function in Excel. The goal seek function works by finding the rate that, when multiplied by the various percentage factors for each block result in meeting the target quantity amount

CALIFORNIA-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY MONTEREY COUNTY DISTRICT (A.15-07-019) APPENDIX B: ADJUSTMENTS TO RATE DESIGN TO REFLECT THE CAM

Note: The following schedules are meant to demonstrate how the CAM would adjust volumetric rates. The numbers presented are for illustrative purposes only and do not necessarily reflect the final outcome of a decision in this proceeding or other submittals before the Commission.

NON-RESIDENTIAL UNDER PREVIOUSLY ADOPTED CONSUMPTION

Standard	d Components	Standard R	ate Design	Cons	ervation Rate De	sign
	Avg Number		Meter	60% of Std Rate (or	Meter	Recovery)
Meter Size	of Meters	50% Meter Rate	Revenues	30% Meter Rate	Revenues	
5/8	2,246	\$32.20	\$867,739		\$520,643	
3/4	2	\$48.29	\$1,159		\$695	
1	762	\$80.49	\$735,994	\$48.29	\$441,596	
1 1/2	459	\$160.98	\$886,670	\$96.59	\$532,002	
2	499	\$257.57	\$1,542,303	\$154.54	\$925,382	
3	58	\$482.94	\$336,123	\$289.76	\$201,674	
4	30	\$804.89	\$289,761	\$482.94	\$173,857	
6	11	\$1,609.79	\$212,492	\$965.87	\$127,495	
8	13	\$2,575.66	\$401,803	\$1,545.39	\$241,082	
TOTAL	4,080		\$5,274,044		\$3,164,427	
	Consumption	V-1 D	Standard Base	Volume		Conservation
	(10cfs)	Volume Revenues	Qnty Rate	Revenues	Factor	Qnty Rate
Division 1	6,728,655	\$4,503,991	\$0.6694	\$4,583,944	100%	\$0.6813
Division 2	42,867	\$28,694	\$0.6694	\$32,854	112.5%	\$0.7664
Division 3	8,262,946	\$5,531,006	\$0.6694	\$7,036,489	125%	\$0.8516
Division 4	503,034	\$336,718	\$0.6694	\$856,739	250%	\$1.7031
TOTAL	15,537,502	\$10,400,409		\$12,510,027	[\$0.6813
TOTAL REVE	NUES (vol + mtr)	\$15,674,453 \$15,674,453		\$15,674,453 \$15,674,453	\$12,510,027	<qnty rate<br="">Target</qnty>
l		\$0.6694				

NON-RESIDENTIAL UNDER CONSUMPTION ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM

Standard	Components	Standard Ra	ate Design	Cons	ervation Rate De	sign	
				60% of Std Rate (or	30% Fixed Cost	Recovery)	
	Avg Number		Meter	,	Meter	*/	
Meter Size	of Meters	50% Meter Rate	Revenues	30% Meter Rate	Revenues		
5/8	2,246	\$32.20	\$867,739	\$19.32	\$520,643		
3/4	2	\$48.29	\$1,159	\$28.98	\$695		
1	762	\$80.49	\$735,994	\$48.29	\$441,596		
1 1/2	459	\$160.98	\$886,670	\$96.59	\$532,002		
2	499	\$257.57	\$1,542,303	\$154.54	\$925,382		no change to meter
3	58	\$482.94	\$336,123	\$289.76	\$201,674		calculation under the CAN
4	30	\$804.89	\$289,761	\$482.94	\$173,857		
6	11	\$1,609.79	\$212,492	\$965.87	\$127,495		
8	13	\$2,575.66	\$401,803	\$1,545.39	\$241,082		
TOTAL	4,080		\$5,274,044		\$3,164,427		
	Adjusted		Adjusted			Adjusted	
	Consumption		Standard Base	Volume		Conservation	
	(10cfs)	Volume Revenues	Qnty Rate	Revenues	Factor	Qnty Rate	
Division 1	9,895,738	\$7,825,184	\$0.7908	\$8,588,439	100%	\$0.8679	
Division 2	1,012,869	\$800,940	\$0.7908	\$988,945	112.5%	\$0.9764	volumetric rates change
Division 3	1,587,054	\$1,254,983	\$0.7908	\$1,721,740	125%	\$1.0849	as a function of the
Division 4	501,535	\$396,595	\$0.7908	\$1,088,197	250%	\$2.1697	adjusted consumption
TOTAL	12,997,196	\$10,277,703		\$12,387,320		\$0.8679	1)
TOTAL	12,997,196	\$10,277,703		\$12,367,320		\$0.0679	
TOTAL DEVEN	IUES (vol + mtr)	¢45 554 747		\$15,551,747	\$12.387.320	<qnty rate<="" td=""><td></td></qnty>	
TOTAL REVEN	IUES (VOI + MTr)	\$15,551,747 \$45,554,747			\$12,387,320	rarget	
		\$15,551,747 \$0,7908		\$15,551,747			
		φυ./908					

APPENDIX C

CALIFORNIA-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY MONTEREY COUNTY DISTRICT (A.15-07-019) APPENDIX C: PRODUCTION LIMITATIONS

Note: Figures shown may be for illustrative purposes only $^{(1)}$

PRODUCTION COMPARISON NECESSARY FOR CAM Latest Authorized Prodcution Limits as Adopted ⁽²⁾	CAM ed ⁽²⁾	Latest Usage as Shown in Appendix B Page 1		Latest Usage as Shown in Appendix B Page 1	
Authorized Consumption (Escalation Year)	10 CF		10 CF		10 CF
Residential	21,196,747	Residential	19,456,572	Residential	19,456,572
Multi-residential	6,062,580	Multi-Residential	6,124,785	Multi-Residential	6,124,785
Commercial	11,893,502	Non-Residential	12,997,196	Non-Residential	12,997,196
Public Authority	2,719,000				
Industrial	360,000				
Golf Course	265,000				
TOTAL	42,796,829		38,578,554		38,578,554
Non-kevenue water					
Monterey Main	5,405,000	Monterey Main	5,405,000	Monterey Main	5,405,000
Bishop/Hidden Hills/Ryan Ranch	159,000	Bishop/Hidden Hills/Ryan Ranch	159,000	Bishop/Hidden Hills/Ryan Ranch	159,000
TOTAL	5,564,000	TOTAL	5,564,000	TOTAL	5,564,000
		TOTAL ACTUAL CONSUMPTION PLUS		TOTAL ACTUAL CONSUMPTION PLUS	
TOTAL AUTHORIZED PRODUCTION	48,360,829	AUTHORIZED NON-REVENUE WATER (5)	44,142,554	AUTHORIZED NON-REVENUE WATER ⁽⁵⁾	44,142,554
Production Limits for 2015 (3) (4)	10 CF	Production Limits for 2015 (3) (4)	10 CF	EXEMPLAR Production Limitations	10 CF
Seaside Basin	10,114,444	Seaside Basin	10,114,444	Seaside Basin	10,114,444
Sand City Desal	1,237,104	Sand City Desal	1,237,104	Sand City Desal	1,237,104
Carmel River	35,376,165	Carmel River	35,376,165	Carmel River ⁽⁶⁾	32,000,000
Production Limit	46,727,713	Production Limit	46,727,713	Production Limit	43,351,548
Projection of Production Over Production Limitations	,				791,006

CONSUMPTION ESTIMATE TO BE USED IN CAM IF THE ACTUAL PRODUCTION IN THE RECORDED PERIOD IS GREATER THAN LEGAL/REGULATORY LIMITATIONS

Latest Usage as Shown in Appendix B Page 1

Per Above	10 CF	Revised to Consider Production Limits "	10 CF	
Residential	19,456,572	Residential	19,057,639	
Multi-Residential	6,124,785	Multi-Residential	5,999,204	
Non-Residential	12,997,196	Non-Residential	12,730,705	
TOTAL	38,578,554	TOTAL	37,787,548	
Non-Revenue Water	5,564,000	Non-Revenue Water	5,564,000	
Production	44,142,554	Production	43,351,548	
Production Limitation	43,351,548	Production Limitation	43,351,548	
Necessary Reduction to CAM Level of Consumption	791,006	Necessary Reduction to CAM Level of 97.950% Consumption		

¹⁾ Based on the above determination that shows the production limit is less than the prior 12 month recorded amounts. These production limits are the amounts that would be used in the CAM for Escalation or Attrition Year purposes to insure that Production Limitation is not exceeded in the development of Projected Test Period sales forecasts

2) in the case of this example, the production limits are noted in D.15-04-007, on page 534 of Attachment A - the Adopted Settlement Agreement. It should be noted that only the values do not include any usage or non-revenue water for Chualar,

Ralph Lane, Toro, Garrapata or Ambler.

³⁾ Production Limits are provided in the legal and SWRCB documents and for the rate case are presented in Chapter 3 Table 14

⁴⁾ in the Case of the authoriozed levels of Production and Production limitations - the actual authorized is lower than the Production limitations.
5) in the case of actual use data and production limitations, the actual usage plus authorized non-reveue water is less than the production limitations of shown as an example only. This process must be gone through in each CAM filing to cover changes to production limits that may occur in the future.

APPENDIX D

CALIFORNIA-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY MONTEREY COUNTY DISTRICT (A.15-07-019)

APPENDIX D: ADJUSTMENTS TO SURCHARGES EMBEDDED IN THE BASE RATES TO REFLECT THE CAM

Note: The following schedule is meant to demonstrate how the CAM would adjust surcharges embedded in the base rates. The numbers presented are for illustrative purposes only and do not necessarily reflect the final outcome of a decision in this proceeding or other submittals before the Commission. The approach below would be applied to each of the surcharges that are embedded in CAW's base rates at the time the CAM is assessed.

PREVIOUSLY ADOPTED SAN CLEMENTE DAM SURCHARGE⁽¹⁾

Standar	d Components	Conservation Rate Design					
Block	Consumption (10cfs)	Volume Revenues	Factor	SCD Qnty Surcharge			
Block 1 ⁽²⁾	12,056,752	\$0		\$0.0000			
Block 2	5,108,628	\$2,090,739	150%	\$0.4093			
Block 3	2,343,724	\$2,238,097	350%	\$0.9549			
Block 4	931,618	\$1,652,174	650%	\$1.7734			
Block 5	756,024	\$1,650,176	800%	\$2.1827			
TOTAL	21,196,747	\$7,631,186		\$ 0.2728			
	F						
TOTAL SURC	HARGE	\$7,631,186	\$7,631,18	6 <qnty rate="" target<="" td=""></qnty>			
		\$7,631,186					

SAN CLEMENTE DAM UNDER CONSUMPTION ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM

Standar	rd Components	Conservation Rate Design					
Block	Adjusted Consumption (10cfs)	Volume Revenues	Factor	Adjusted SCD Qnty Surcharge			
Block 1 ⁽²⁾	11,757,894	\$0		\$0.0000			
Block 2	4,459,438	\$2,204,864	150%	\$0.4944			
Block 3	1,857,813	\$2,143,287	350%	\$1.1537			
Block 4	727,524	\$1,558,730	650%	\$2.1425			
Block 5	653,904	\$1,724,305	800%	\$2.6369			
TOTAL	19,456,572	\$7,631,186		\$ 0.3296			
TOTAL SURC	HARGE	\$7,631,186 \$7,631,186	\$7,631,18	86 <qnty rate="" target<="" td=""></qnty>			

¹⁾ Recovery of San Clemente Dam as a volumetric surcharge was approved in Advice Letters 955 and 968.

(End of Attachment 1)

²⁾ The San Clemente Dam surcharge is currently not assessed on Tier 1 consumption.

³⁾ The rate shown here is the result of the goal seek function in Excel. The goal seek function works by finding the rate that, when multiplied by the various percentage factors for each block (i.e. 150% for block 2, 350% fo rblock 3, etc.) will achieve the revenue target of \$7.6 million